Mutual Agreement Procedures Report 2020

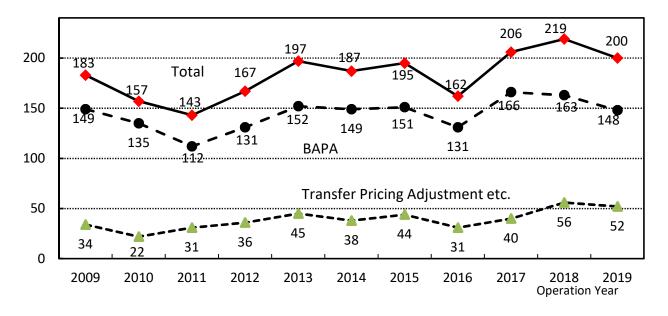
When international double taxation arises from transfer pricing adjustments or other, the National Tax Agency ("NTA") enters into Mutual Agreement Procedures ("MAP") with relevant foreign tax authorities under the provisions of applicable tax treaties to resolve such double taxation upon request from taxpayers. The NTA also enters into Bilateral Advance Pricing Arrangements ("BAPA") in order to ensure the predictability of taxpayers and promote the proper and smooth administration of the transfer pricing taxation.

1. MAP requests received

- Ouring the 2019 operation year (from July 2019 to June 2020), the NTA received 200 MAP requests (148 (74%) for BAPA and 52 (26%) for Transfer pricing adjustment etc.).
- The number of MAP requests received decreased to 91% from the 2018 operation year.

Chart 1: MAP requests received

Number of requests received



- 1 Each operation year runs from 1 July until 30 June in the following year.
- 2 The number of MAP requests received consists of both cases where the NTA received requests from taxpayers and cases where the NTA received requests through foreign tax authorities. In some countries or regions, taxpayers make a request separately with respect to each taxation year for which an adjustment was made. Counting such requests collectively, the number of MAP requests received during the 2019 operation year would be 184.
- 3 "Transfer pricing adjustment etc." includes cases related to permanent establishments (PEs) or withholding taxes.

2. MAP cases closed

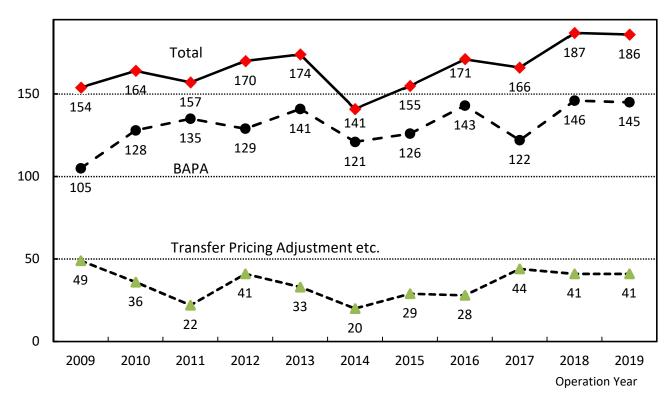
2.1 The number of MAP cases closed

○ The number of MAP cases closed during the 2019 operation year amounted to 186 (145 (78%) for BAPA and 41 (22%) for Transfer pricing adjustment etc.),which has decreased to 99% from the 2018 operation year.

(Note) Please see Attachment 3 for the details of type of MAP cases.

Chart 2: MAP cases closed

Number of cases closed



(Notes) In some countries or regions, taxpayers make a request separately with respect to each taxation year for which an adjustment was made. Counting such requests collectively, the number of MAP cases closed during the 2019 operation year would be 181.

2.2 Average time to close a MAP case

- The average time to close a MAP case closed in the 2019 operation year was 29.4months (34.1months in the 2018 operation year).
- The average time to close a BAPA case closed was 30.7 months (34.5months in the 2018 operation year).
- The average time to close a case of transfer pricing adjustment etc. was 24.9months (32.7months in the 2018 operation year).

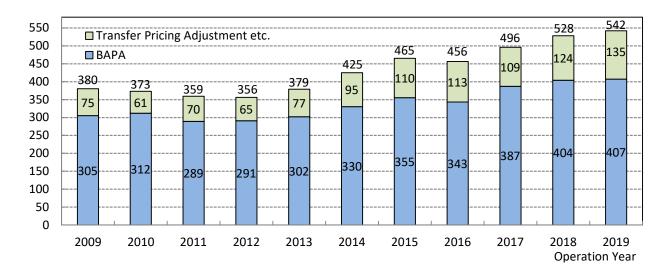
3. Year-End Inventory

- 3.1 The number of cases in the Year-End Inventory
 - Though the number of MAP cases closed in the 2019 operation year was as high as the 2018 operation year which marked a record high, the number of MAP requests received was larger than the number of MAP cases closed. As a result, the number of cases in the inventory at the end of the 2019 operation year increased from the year before.

(Note) Please see Attachment 1 for the details of type of MAP requests.

Chart 3: Year- End Inventory

Number of cases in the Year-End inventory

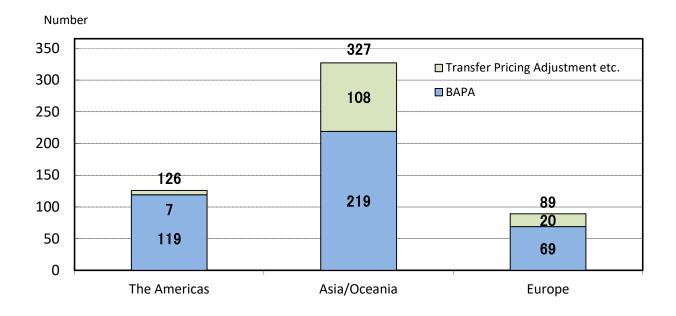


(Notes) In some countries or regions, taxpayers make a request separately with respect to each taxation year for which an adjustment was made. Count such requests collectively, the number of cases in the inventory at the end of the 2019 operation year would be 475.

3.2 Region-by-region inventory

- O The number of MAP cases with Asia/Oceania accounted for the largest part in the whole Year-End inventory of the 2019 operation year.
- In the Year-End inventory of the 2019 operation year, cases with the United States (21%) are the most, followed by India (18%), China (15%), Korea (12%) and Germany (6%).
 (Note) Please see Attachment 2 for the list of treaty partners with which the NTA has MAP inventory as of June 30, 2020.

Chart 4: Year-End Inventory by region



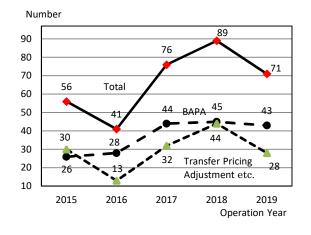
4. MAP cases with non-OECD economies

4.1 The number of MAP cases

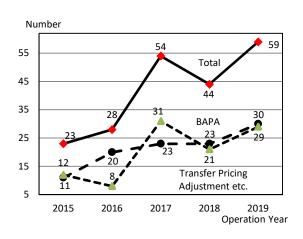
- In the 2019 operation year, as for the MAP with non-OECD economies, 71 requests were received and 59 cases were closed.
- The number of MAP cases with non-OECD economies in the Year-End inventory was 257, accounting for 47% of all cases.

Chart 5:

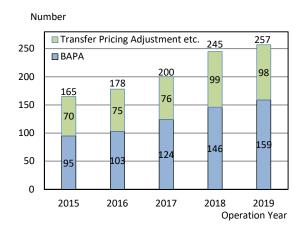
MAP requests received



MAP cases closed



Year-End inventory



4.2 Average time to close a MAP case with non-OECD economies

- The average time to close a MAP case with non-OECD economies closed in the 2019 operation year was 32.9 months (37.1 months in the 2018 operation year).
- The average time to close a BAPA case with non-OECD economies was 43.2 months (43.6 months in the 2018 operation year).
- The average time to close a case of transfer pricing adjustment etc. was 22.2 months (29.9 months in the 2018 operation year).

(Attachment 1)

The number of MAP cases in the last three years

Operation Year		BAPA	Transfer Pricing Adjustment	Others	Total
2017	Requests Received	166	37	3	206
	Cases Closed	122	37	7	166
	Year-End Inventory	387	94	15	496
2018	Requests Received	163	54	2	219
	Cases Closed	146	37	4	187
	Year-End Inventory	404	111	13	528
2019	Requests Received	148	44	8	200
	Cases Closed	145	36	5	186
	Year-End Inventory	407	119	16	542

- 1 Each operation year runs from 1 July until 30 June in the following year.
- 2 The number of MAP requests received consists of both cases where the NTA received requests from taxpayers and cases where the NTA received requests through foreign tax authorities.
- 3 MAP requests for compensating adjustments or amendments with respect to previously agreed APAs are included in the year when such requests were made.
- 4 MAP cases closed includes cases of which MAP requests are withdrawn by taxpayers as well as cases resolved through the agreements with treaty partners.
- 5 "Others" includes cases related to permanent establishments (PEs) or withholding taxes.

(Attachment 2)

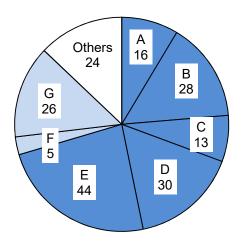
Treaty Partners with which the NTA has MAP inventory (as of June 30, 2020)

Europe	Asia/Oceania	The Americas	Total
(OECD countries)			
Belgium	Australia	Canada	
Czech Republic	Korea	Mexico	
Denmark	New Zealand	United States	
Finland			
France			
Germany			
Hungary			
Ireland			21partners
Italy			
Netherlands			
Portugal			
Spain			
Sweden			
Switzerland			
United Kingdom			
(Non-OECD economies)			
	China		
	Hong Kong		
	India		
	Indonesia		9 partners
	Malaysia		
	Singapore		
	Taiwan		
	Thailand		
	Vietnam		
15 partners	12 partners	3 partners	30 partners

(Attachment 3)

Types of MAP cases closed during the 2019 operation year

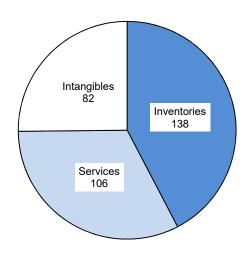
Industry



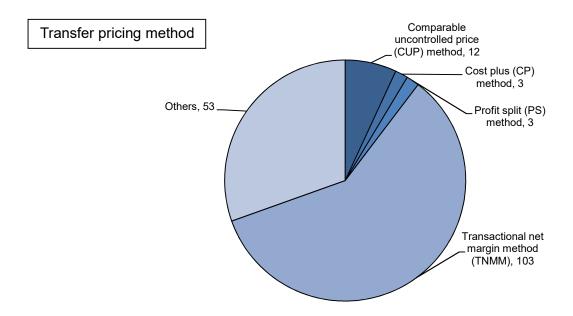
Manufacturing	131	(70%)
Wholesale/Retail	31	(17%)
Others	24	(13%)
Total	186	(100.0%)

- A: Manufacturing (consumer electric equipment, instruments, and bulbs)
- B: Manufacturing (transport equipment and instruments)
- C: Manufacturing (industrial electric equipment and instruments)
- D: Manufacturing (machineries and equipment)
- E: Manufacturing (others)
- F: Trading (import/export)
- G: Other wholesale/retail
- H: Others

Type of transaction



- 1. The sum of the numbers in the chart above does not correspond to the total number of MAP cases closed (186), as some cases are counted for each type of transaction when multiple types of transaction were covered.
- 2. MAP requests for compensation adjustments or amendments with respect to previously agreed APAs are counted as the same transaction in the original APA agreement.



- 1. The sum of the numbers in the chart above does not correspond to the total number of MAP cases closed (186), as some cases are counted for each transfer pricing method when multiple methods were applied.
- 2. MAP requests for compensating adjustments or amendments with respect to previously agreed APAs are counted as the same transfer pricing method applied in the original APA agreement.

(Reference)

Terminologies

Mutual Agreement Procedures (MAP) are a formalized set of procedures between tax authorities of treaty partners which are provided in tax treaties. The NTA enters into MAP when taxpayers consider that international double taxation arise or will arise from transfer pricing adjustments or others, or when taxpayers request bilateral APA.

(Note 1)

69 tax treaties that Japan has concluded (which covers 79 countries/regions as of the end of June 2020) contain the provisions of the Mutual Agreement Procedures.

(Note 2)

An Advance Pricing Arrangement (APA) is an arrangement whereby, based on an application from a taxpayer, the tax administration confirms in advance a set of criteria such as methods, comparables and adjustments thereto, and critical assumptions as to future events for the determination of the transfer pricing for transactions between the taxpayer and its foreign-related entity/entities over a fixed period of time. The tax administration will refrain from adjusting the transfer pricing set by the taxpayer if such taxpayer files its tax returns in accordance with the confirmed APA conditions for the years covered by the APA.